Senator Herring by unanimous consent presented the students and their sponsors to the Members of the Senate.

Recess

On motion of Senator Hardeman the Senate at 4:43 o'clock p.m. took recess until 10:00 o'clock a.m. to-morrow.

FOURTEENTH DAY (Continued)

(Wednesday, November 6, 1957)

After Recess

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock a.m. and was called to order by the President.

Senate Resolution 101

Senator Ashley by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery the American Government Class of Tivy High School, Kerrville, Texas, accompanied by Mrs. Robert Wilson and Mr. Robert Holden; and

Whereas, These students and guests are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capitol Citys and

tal City; and

Whereas, These fine young American citizens are here to observe and learn firsthand the workings of their State Government; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome this class and commend them for their interest, and that a copy of this resolution, properly indorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Ashley by unanimous consent presented the students, Mrs. Wilson and Mr. Holden to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 102

Senator Moffett by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have as visitors in the Senate Messrs. Gene R. Ritchie and Bill Browning, Assistant District Attorneys of Wichita County, Texas, and Messrs. Sam

B. Spence and Z. D. Allen, prominent attorneys of Wichita Falls, Texas; and

Whereas, We desire to welcome these distinguished guests to the Capitol Building and Capital City; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That their presence be recognized by the Senate of Texas and that they be extended an official welcome and the privileges of the floor for the day.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 8

Senator Owen by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

S. C. R. No. 8, Requesting a study by the United States Department of the Interior regarding the importing of crude oil into the United States.

Whereas, It appears to be the policy of the Federal Government to encourage large imports of crude oil and products under the theory that each barrel imported means a barrel of oil stays in the ground for use in case of national emergency; and

Whereas, These large imports have had a hurtful effect upon the domestice crude oil producing industry to the extent that in many instances, producers are "strapped" by low allowables, making it difficult to stay in business; and

Whereas, Low allowables are discouraging exploration and development; now, therefore, be it
Resolved, By the Senate of the
State of Texas, the House of Rep-

Resolved, By the Senate of the State of Texas, the House of Representatives concurring, That the United States Department of the Interior be requested to commence immediately a study of the feasibility of requiring that all or a large portion of the crude oil imported into this country be injected into depleted or partly depleted oil formations, thus allowing the oil producers of the United States to furnish a larger proportion of the demand.

The resolution was read.

On motion of Senator Owen and by unanimous consent the resolution was considered immediately and was adopted.

Report of Standing Committee

Senator Parkhouse, by unanimous consent, submitted the following report:

Austin, Texas, November 6, 1957.

Hon. Ben Ramsey, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Water and Conservation, to whom was referred H. B. No. 6, have had the same under consideration, and we are instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do not pass, but that Committee Substitute for House Bill 6 do pass and be printed.

PARKHOUSE, Chairman.

C. S. H. B. No. 6 was read first time.

Committee Substitute House Bill 6 Ordered Not Printed

On motion of Senator Parkhouse and by unanimous consent C. S. H. B. No. 6 was ordered not printed.

Senate Resolution 103

Senator Martin by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery of the Senate, twenty-three members of the government class of Valley Mills High School of Valley Mills, Bosque County, Texas, accompanied by teacher, Mr. C. R. Hardison; and

Whereas, These students are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the workings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this Resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Martin by unanimous consent presented the students and their teacher, Mr. Hardison, to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 104

Senator Herring by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas. We are honored today to

Senior Government Class of Mary's Academy in Austin, Texas, accompanied by their teacher, Sister Puritas, and by their sponsor Sister

M. Odelia; and
Whereas, These students are on an
educational tour of the Capitol Build-

ing and the Capital City; and Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the workings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to the class in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Herring by unanimous consent presented the students, their teacher Sister Puritas, and sponsor Sister Odelia to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 105

Senator Krueger by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery 32 students of the American History Class of Moulton High School, accompanied by Mr. Edward F. Kainer, teacher; and

Whereas, These students and guests are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, These fine young American citizens are here to observe and learn first-hand the workings of their State Government; now, therefore, be

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome this class and commend them for their interest, and that a copy of this resolution, properly indorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Krueger by unanimous consent presented the students and Mr. Kainer to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 106

Senator Fuller by unanimous conhave in the gallery of the Senate, the sent offered the following resolution: Whereas, Drew Campbell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Campbell, is a visitor in the Senate Chamber; and

Whereas, The services of this alert young American should be utilized by the Senate as an honorary page;

now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of Texas,

That Drew Campbell be and he is hereby designated honorary page of the Senate for today.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Fuller by unanimous consent presented Drew Campbell to the Members of the Senate.

Committee Substitute Senate Bill 2 on Second Reading

The President laid out as pending business C. S. S. B. No. 2 on its second reading and passage to engrossment. (The bill having been read the second time on Tuesday, November 5,

Question-Shall C. S. S. B. No. 2 be passed to engrossment?

Senator Hardeman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Senate Bill 2 by striking out all that below the enacting clause and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 1. The following words and phrases shall have the meaning

respectively ascribed to them:

"(1) Lobbying. The practice of promoting or opposing the introduction or enactment of legislation before the Legislature or the legislative committees or the members thereof.

"(2) Lobbyist. Any person who engages in the practice of lobbying for hire except in the manner authorized herein. Lobbying for hire shall include activities of any officers, agents, attorneys or employees of any principal who are paid a regular salary or re-tainer by such principal and whose duties include lobbying.

"(3) Unprofessional Conduct. A violation of any of the provisions of this Act or soliciting employment from any principal, or instigating the introduction of legislation for the purpose of obtaining employment in opposition thereto, or attempting to influence the vote of legislators or any measure pending or to be proposed by the promise of support or opposition ing the applicant a hearing which at any future election, or by any oth-

er means than a full and fair argument on the merits thereof, or by making public any unsubstantiated charges of improper conduct on the part of any other lobbyist or of any legislator, or engaging in practices which reflect discredit on the practice of lobbying or the Legislature.
"(4) Principal. (a) Any person,

corporation or association which engages a lobbyist or other person in connection with any legislation, pending before the Legislature or to be proposed, affecting the pecuniary in-terest of such person, corporation or

association.

"(b) Any board, department, commission or other agency of the State, or any county or municipal corporation, which engages a lobbyist or other person in connection with any legislation pending or to be proposed affecting the statutory powers, duties or appropriation of such agency, coun-

ty or municipal corporation.

"(5) Docket. The register of licensed lobbyists maintained by the Secretary of State pursuant to this

Act.

"(6) Report. The statement of expenses filed with the Secretary of State by lobbyists pursuant to this

Act.
"(7) Pecuniary Interest. The term includes without limitation any legislation which creates, alters or repeals any statutory charge by way of tax, license fee, registration fee or otherwise, or which creates, alters or repeals any statutory privilege, power, restriction or obligation of any principal, or which creates, alters or repeals the powers or duties of any court or governmental agency before which the principal does business.

"Section 2. (a) Any person of full age and good moral character who is a citizen of the United States shall be licensed as a lobbyist as herein provided. The Secretary of State shall provide for the form of application for license. Such application may be obtained in the office of the Secretary of State and filed therein. Upon approval of such application and payment of the license fee of \$10 to the Secretary of State, a license shall be issued which shall entitle the licensee to practice lobbying on behalf of any one or more principals. Each license shall expire on December 31 of each even-numbered year. No application shall be disapproved without afford-

within ten days of the date of filing the application. Denial of a license may be reviewed by appeal within twenty days of such action to a court of competent jurisdiction of Travis County; provided, however, that the court's review of the action of the Secretary of State shall be limited to a determination of whether such action was arbitrary, capricious, or was

a gross abuse of discretion.

"(b) Upon a verified complaint in writing to the Attorney General charging the holder of a license with having been guilty of unprofessional conduct or with having procured his license by fraud or perjury or through error, the Attorney General is hereby authorized to bring civil action in a District Court of Travis County against the holder and in the name of the State as plaintiff to revoke the license. Hearing shall be held by the Court unless the defendant licensee demands a jury trial. The trial shall be held as soon as possible and at least 30 days after the filing of the charges and shall take precedence over all other matters pending before the Court. If the Court finds for the plaintiff judgment shall be rendered revoking the license and the Clerk of the Court shall file a certified copy of the judgment with the Secretary of the State. Costs shall be paid by the State, but if the Court shall determine that the complaint made to the Attorney General was without proper cause, it shall enter judgment against the person making the complaint for the costs of the action and the payment of the same may be enforced by execution as in other civil actions. The licensing authority may commence any such action on his own motion.

"(c) No lobbyist whose license has been suspended or revoked and no person who has been convicted of a violation of any provision of this Act shall engage in any activity permitted herein until he has been reinstated to the practice of lobbying and duly

licensed.

"Section 3. Except as provided in Section 9, every principal who employs any lobbyist shall within one week after such employment cause the name of said lobbyist to be entered upon the docket. It shall also be the duty of the lobbyist to enter his name upon the docket. Upon the termination of such employment such fact may be entered opposite the name | Secretary of State.

of the lobbyist either by the lobbyist or the principal.

"Section 4. (a) The Secretary of State shall prepare and keep a docket in which shall be entered the name and business address of each lobbyist, the name and business address of his principal, and the subject or subjects of legislation to which the employment relates. Such docket shall be a public record and open to the inspection of any citizen upon demand at any time during the regular business hours of the office of the Secre-

tary of State.

"(b) Any principal employing any lobbyist shall when further subjects of legislation are introduced or arise which such lobbyist is to promote or oppose, make or cause to be made additional entries in the docket stating such employment so that the docket will show at all times all subjects of legislation in relation to which the lobbyist is employed. The docket may also show the number or designation of bills, resolutions or other measures in relation to which the lobbyist is

employed.

'(c) Within ten (10) days after his registration in the docket, a lobbyist shall file with the Secretary of State a written authorization to act as such, signed by his principal.

"Section 5. (a) No person shall practice as a lobbyist unless he has been duly licensed under the provisions hereof and unless his name appears upon the docket as employed in respect to such matters as he shall be promoting or opposing. No principal shall directly or indirectly authorize or permit any lobbyist employed by him to practice lobbying in respect to any legislation affecting the pecuniary interest of such principal until such lobbyist is duly licensed and the name of such lobbyist is duly entered on the docket. No person shall be employed as a lobbyist for a compensation dependent in any manner upon the passage or defeat of any proposed or pending legislation or upon any other contingency connected with the action of the Legislature or of either branch thereof or of any committee thereof.

"(b) Before or within five (5) days after delivering any written or printed statement, argument or brief to the entire membership of either or both Houses of the Legislature, three (3) copies shall be deposited with the

"Section 6. (a) Every lobbyist required to have his name entered upon the docket shall, within ten (10) days after the end of each calendar month of any regular or special session of the Legislature, file with the Secretary of State a sworn statement of expenses made and obligations incurred by himself or any agent in connection with or relative to his activities as such lobbyist for the preceding month or fraction thereof, except that he need not list his own personal living and travel expenses in such statement.

"(b) Beginning with the third Tuesday following the beginning of any regular or special session of the Legislature and on every Tuesday thereafter for the duration of such session, the Secretary of State shall from his records report to each house of the Legislature the names of lobbyists registered hereunder who were not previously reported, the names of the persons whom they represent as such lobbyists, and the subjects of legislation in which they are inter-ested. Such reports shall be incorporated into the journal of each House. The Secretary of State shall also forward to each House a copy of each statement required to be filed under Subdivision (a) of this Section 6. Such copy shall be open to public inspection but shall not be incorporated in the journal unless the House so orders.

"Section 7. Within thirty (30) days after the sine die adjournment of the Legislature, every principal whose name appears upon the docket or who has employed any person to engage in any activity permitted in Section 9 hereof shall file with The Secretary of State a complete and detailed statement verified under oath by the person making the same, or in the case of a corporation by its president or treasurer, of all expenses paid or in-curred by such principal in connec-tion with the employment of lobbyists or in connection with promoting or opposing in any manner the passage by the Legislature of any legislation affecting the pecuniary interest of such principal. The accounts shall be rendered in such forms as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of State. Such accounts shall be open to public inspection.

"Section 8. It shall be unlawful for any person to give or agree or offer

for to any person, directly or indirectly, for the service of such person or of any other person in procuring the passage or defeat of any measure before the Legislature or before either House or any committee thereof, upon the contingency or condition of the passage or defeat of such measure, or to receive, directly or indirectly, or agree to receive any such money, property, thing of value or security therefor for such service, upon any such contingency or condition, or who, having a pecuniary or other interest, or acting as the agent or attorney of any person in procuring or attempting to procure the passage or defeat of any measure before the Legislature or before either House or any committee thereof, to attempt in any manner to influence any member of such Legislature for or against such measure, without first making known to such member the real and true interest he has in such measure, either personally or as such agent or attorney.

"Section 9. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person other than a licensed lobbyist to attempt personally and directly to influence any member of the Legislature to vote for or against any measure pending therein, or to be proposed, otherwise than by appearing before the regular commit-tees thereof when in session, or by newspaper publications, or by public addresses to persons other than Legislators, or by written or printed statements, arguments or briefs delivered to each member of the Legislature; provided, that before or within five (5) days after delivering such statement, argument or brief, three (3) copies thereof shall be deposited with the Secretary of State. No officer, agent, appointee or employee, in the service of the State of Texas, or of the United States, shall attempt to influence any member of the Legislature to vote for or against any measure pending therein, affecting the pecuniary interests of such person, excepting in the manner authorized herein in the case of lobbyists. Nothing in this section shall be construed to deprive any citizen not lobbying for hire of his constitutional right to communicate with members of the Legislature.

"(b) Any person who limits his lobbying solely to appearances before Legislative committees or either to give any money or property or house in committee of the whole and valuable thing or any security there-registers his appearance on the records of such committee or house in writing, shall not be required to be licensed as a lobbyist, pay a license fee, register with the Secretary of State or make any reports of expenditures.

"Section 10. No person employed in any manner to represent any person seeking or attempting to influence legislation, whether for compensation or otherwise, and no person not authorized by law, shall go upon the floor of either house of the Legislature, reserved for members thereof, while in session, except upon invitation, of such house or houses.

"Section 11. Whenever money or other thing of value is paid, or a promise or agreement to pay money or other thing of value is given to the owner or publisher or any editor, reporter, agent or employee of any newspaper or other periodical for the publication therein of any article, editorial or other matter favoring or opposing, or which is intended or tends to favor or oppose, any bill, resolution or other matter pending in the Legislature, excepting a paid advertisement, showing the name and address of the person authorizing the publication and the amount paid or agreed to be paid therefor, the owner or publisher of such newspaper or periodical shall, within ten (10) days after such publication, file with the Secretary of State a statement showing the amount of money or other thing of value paid or agreed to be paid and the name and address of the person, firm or corporation from whom such payment or agreement was received.

"Section 12. It shall be unlawful for any member of the Legislature to give, offer or promise to give his vote or influence in favor of or against any measure or proposition pending, or proposed to be introduced in, the Legislature in consideration or upon condition that any other person elected to the same Legislature will give or will promise or agree to give his vote or influence in favor of or against any other measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced in such Legislature, or to give, offer or promise to give his vote or influence for or against any measure on condition that any other member will give his vote or influence in favor of any change in any other bill pending or proposed to be introduced in the Legislature.

"Section 13. It shall be unlawful for

any member of the Legislature to give, offer or promise to give his vote or influence in favor of or against any measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced in the Legislature, or that has already been passed by either house of the Legislature, in consideration of or on condition that any person, being Governor of the State, shall approve or disapprove, veto or sign, or agree to approve or disapprove, veto or sign, any other measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced in the Legislature or that has already been passed by the Legislature, or either house thereof, or in consideration or upon condition that any person, being Governor of this State, shall nominate for appointment or appoint or remove any person or persons to or from any office or position under the laws of this State.

"Section 14. Spurious Communications. Whoever shall transmit, utter or publish to the Legislature or to any member or members of the Legislature, or any committee, officer or employee of either House of the Legislature, any communication relating to any matter within the jurisdiction of the Legislature, or be a party to the preparation thereof, knowing such communication or signature thereto is false, forged, counterfeit or fictitious shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in Section 15(d) of this Act.

"Section 15. (a) Any principal, who wilfully and knowingly, violates any of the provisions of this Act shall for such offense be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00).

"(b) Any lobbyist who wilfully and knowingly, shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Act or any person who wilfully and knowingly, shall act as a lobbyist without being duly licensed shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) and shall be debarred from acting as a lobbyist for the period of three (3) years from the date of such conviction.

"(c) Any lobbyist who wilfully and knowingly, fails to make and file the statements required by Section 6 of this Act shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six (6)

months or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any lobbyist who shall wilfully and knowingly file a false statement shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one

(1) year.

"(d) Whoever wilfully and knowingly violates any of the provisions of Section 9 or of Section 14 of this Act shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or imprisoned not more than six (6) months.

"(e)) Whoever wilfully and knowingly violates any of the provisions of Section 10 of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) for each offense.

"(f) Any member of the Legislature who shall wilfully and knowingly violate any of the provisions of Section 12 or Section 13 of this Act shall be guilty of a felony, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,-000.00), or by imprisonment in the state prison not less than one (1) year nor more than three (3) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"Section 16. Any violation of this Act may be prosecuted in the county where the offense is committed.

"Section 17. It is the purpose of this Act to promote a high standard of ethics in the practice of lobbying, to prevent unfair and unethical practices in the carrying out of the legislative processes, and to provide for the licensing of lobbyists and the suspension or revocation of such li-censes and it is the intention of the Legislature that this Act shall be so construed to carry out such purposes; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed to deprive any citizen not lobbying for hire of his constitutional right to communicate with members of the Legislature; and provided, further, that nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting free discussion and deliberation upon any question pending before the Legislature by the members thereof, privately or publicly, nor as prohibiting, agreements by members to support any single measure pending, on converges until 2:30 o'clock p. m. today.

dition that certain changes be made in such measure, nor shall it be construed as prohibiting agreements to compromise conflicting provisions of different measures.

"Section 18. This Act is cumulative of Title 5, Chapter One, Articles 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 177 and 178 of the Penal Code of Texas and shall not be construed as repealing any provision thereof.

"Section 19. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby expressly repealed.

"Section 20. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Act is for any reason held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Act. The Legislature hereby declares it would have passed this Act and each section, subsection, sentence, clause, and phrase hereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more of the sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, or phrases be declared unconstitutional.

"Section 21. The fact that there is no registration and reporting under existing laws, relating to the practice of lobbying and the crowded condition of the calendar creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and said rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after the passage, and it is so enacted."

On motion of Senator Hardeman and by unanimous consent, the reading of the amendment was dispensed with and Senator Hardeman explained the amendment.

Pending explanation by Senator Hardeman of the amendment Senator Lock occupied the chair.

(President Pro Tempore in the Chair.)

Question—Shall the amendment by Senator Hardeman to C. S. S. B. No. 2 be adopted?

After Recess

The President called the Senate to order at 2:30 o'clock p.m. today.

House Concurrent Resolution 37 on Second Reading

The President laid before the Senate on its second reading the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 37, Providing Joint Session to hear Dr. Marvin Vance on Monday, November 11, 1957, in observance of Veterans' Day.

The resolution was read.

On motion of Senator Herring and by unanimous consent the resolution was considered immediately and was adopted.

Message from the House

Hall of the House of Representatives Austin, Texas, November 6, 1957.

Hon. Ben Ramsey, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following:

H. B. No. 2, An Act to be known as the Representation Before the Legislature Act; defining terms; providing for the registration of persons who undertake by direct communication, to promote or oppose the passage of any legislation by the Legislature or the approval or veto thereof by the Governor; providing certain exceptions to application of the Act; providing for the information required of registrants under the Act and for separate or supplemental reports; etc.; and declaring an emergency.

With Engrossed Riders.

Respectfully submitted, DOROTHY HALLMAN, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Senate Resolution 107

Senator Herring by unanimous consent offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery of the Senate, Civics Class 12A of William B. Travis High School in Austin, Texas, ac-companied by their teacher, Mrs. Willard G. Nitschke; and Whereas, These students are on

an educational tour of the Capitol

Building and the Capital City; and Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the work-ings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to their class in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Herring by unanimous consent presented the students and Mrs. Nitschke to the Members of the Senate.

Message from the Governor

The following message received from the Governor today was read and was referred to the Committee on nominations:

Austin, Texas, November 6, 1957.

To the Senate of the Fifty-fifth Legislature, First Called Session:

I ask the advice, consent and confirmation of the Senate with respect to the following appointments:

To be Branch Pilots for the Galveston Bar and Houston Ship Channel, for two-year terms to expire October 9, 1959: Robert E. Adams of Harris County; LeRoy Arthur of Harris County; T. N. Lightsey, Jr., of Harris County; P. J. Neely, Jr., of Harris County; A. G. Roye of Harris County.

To be Branch Pilot for the Port Aransas Bar, Corpus Christi Bay and Tributaries, for a two-year term to expire October 9, 1959: Carl Joseph Bromley, Jr., of Nueces County.

> Respectfully submitted, PRICE DANIEL Governor of Texas

Committee Substitute Senate Bill 2 on Second Reading

The Senate resumed consideration of the pending business, same being C. S. S. B. No. 2 on its second reading with an amendment by Senator Hardeman pending.

Question—Shall the amendment by

Senator Hardeman to C. S. S. B. No. 2 be adopted?

(Pending explanation by Senator Hardeman of his amendment Senator Moffett occupied the Chair.)

(President in the Chair.)

On motion of Senator Martin, the amendment by Senator Hardeman was tabled.

Record of Votes

Senators Hardeman, Phillips, Parkhouse, Aikin and Ratliff asked to be recorded as voting "Nay" on the motion to table the above amendment.

Senator Owen offered the following amendment:

Amend Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 2 by adding a new subsection at the end of subsection (c) of Section 5 to read as follows:

(D) The date registrant was or is to be employed or retained and the date registrants' employment or retainment is to terminate.

The amendment was read.

On motion of Senator Martin, the amendment was tabled.

Senator Hardeman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 2, Section 12, line 7, by inserting the words "wilfully and knowingly" between the words "who" and "violates."

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Hardeman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend C. S. S. B. No. 2, Sec. 13, lines 17 and 18 by striking out the words "where the offense is committed or in Travis County" and inserting in lieu the words "of the residence of the accused or if the accused is a non-resident of the State of Texas the venue shall be in the county where the offense is committed."

The amendment was read.

Senator Martin moved to table the amendment.

The motion to table was lost.

Question recurring on the amendment, it was adopted. Senator Hardeman offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 2, Section 6, line 18, by striking the comma after the word "sustenance" and inserting the words "and office expense" before the word "lodging."

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Owen offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 2 by adding a new section after Section 6 and renumbering the subsequent sections.

"Any person required to register hereunder shall within ten days from the date of termination of his employment or retainment file under oath a statement setting forth the date of such termination under oath with the Secretary of State in the manner herein prescribed for filing."

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Gonzalez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 2 by adding the following:

Sect. 7A—The Secretary of State shall compile analyses and evaluate the information submitted in accordance with this Act, and disseminate this information to the public.

The amendment was read.

On motion of Senator Martin the amendment was tabled.

Senator Gonzalez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 2 by adding the following:

Sec. 7. Members of the Legislature and the public shall have free access to all the information submitted in accordance with this Act.

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Gonzalez offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Committee Substitute for S. B. No. 2 by adding the following:

Sec. 7. The Secretary of State shall refer violations or suspected violations to the Attorney General for prosecutions where criminal violations are involved and file civil violations only are involved.

The amendment was read.

On motion of Senator Martin the amendment was tabled.

Senator Hardeman asked unanimous consent to reconsider the vote by which the amendment to Section 13 was adopted.

There was no objection offered.

The President then laid the amendment before the Senate for consideration.

On motion of Senator Hardeman and by unanimous consent the amendment was withdrawn.

On motion of Senator Martin and by unanimous consent the caption was amended to conform to the body of the bill as amended.

The bill as amended was passed to engrossment.

Record of Vote

Senator Phillips asked to be recorded as voting "Nay" on the passage of C. S. S. B. No. 2 to engrossment.

Committee Substitute Senate Bill 2 on Third Reading

Senator Martin moved that the Constitutional Rule and Senate Rule 32 requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that C. S. S. B. No. 2 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—28

Aikin	Herring
Ashle y	Kazen
Bradshaw	Krueger
Colson	Lane
Fly	Lock
Fuller	Martin
Gonzalez	Moffett
Hardeman	Moore
Hazlewood	Owen

Secrest
Smith
Weinert
Willis
Wood

Nays-2

Bracewell

Phillips

Absent

Hudson

The President then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed.

Record of Vote

Senators Phillips and Bracewell asked to be recorded as voting "Nay" on the final passage of C. S. S. B. No. 2.

Reason for Vote

I voted against Senate Bill 2 because it is too weak and is nothing but a farce and a sham. Under the definition of the term "direct communication" any lobbyist could spend huge sums of money in lavish entertainment and as long as he does not "argue for or against" legislation this bill wouldn't touch him topside or bottom.

BRACEWELL

House Bill on First Reading

The following bill received from the House today was read first time and was referred to the Committee indicated:

H. B. No. 2, To the Committee on State Affairs.

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Hardeman the Senate at 4:35 o'clock p.m. adjourned until 10:30 o'clock a.m. tomorrow.

In Memory of

Julie, Stephen and Margaret Bavis

Senator Colson offered the following resolution:

(Senate Concurrent Resolution 6)

Whereas, One of the worst tragedies in the history of Huntsville and Walker County occurred on the night of October 26, 1957 when fire destroyed the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nat J. Davis, Jr., causing the death of their three youngest children, Julie, 8, Stephen, 6, and Margaret, 4; and

Whereas, These youngsters were popular in school, loved by their playmates and merited the admiration of both young and old; and

Whereas, Their father is the executive vice president of the First National Bank of Huntsville, and he and the members of his family are recognized as leaders in their community and always support all movements for the civic, spiritual, industrial and educational growth of their area; and

Whereas, Mr. and Mrs. Davis are now confined to the Huntsville Memorial Hospital because of the serious and painful injuries sustained during their unsuccessful efforts to rescue their son and two daughters from the flames; and

Whereas, This untimely catastrophe has not only shocked and grieved the relatives and friends of the Davis family but has also saddened the citizens throughout the State; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of the 55th Legislature of the State of Texas, the House of Representatives concurring, that we extend our sincere and heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family; and that official copies of this Resolution be sent to the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nat J. Davis, Jr.; the sister, D'Anne; the brother, Nat, III; the paternal grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Nat Davis, Sr., all of Huntsville, and two aunts, Miss Doris Davis of Beaumont and Mrs. Helen Huettel of Houston; and, be it further

Resolved, That a page in today's Journal be dedicated as a memorial to Julie, Stephen and Margaret Davis; and that when the Senate and the House of Representatives adjourn today, they do so as a tribute to their memory.

The resolution was read.

On motion of Senator Colson and by unanimous consent the resolution was considered immediately and was adopted by a rising vote of the Senate.

In Memory of Miss Thelma Dell Woods

Senator Colson offered the following resoltuion:

(Senate Concurrent Resolution 7)

Whereas, On October 24, 1957, Miss Thelma Dell Woods of Liberty, Liberty County, Texas was called from her earthly labors to her eternal reward; and

Whereas, Miss Woods, who was forty-four years of age, had been a victim of muscular dystrophy since she was four and confined to a

wheel chair since becoming thirteen; and

Whereas, Although forced to give up school in the fourth grade, she was an ardent reader and was so well informed that local citizens often sought her advice and counsel; and

Whereas, In spite of the mysterious muscle-crippling disease for which there is no known cure, she mastered the piano, did fancy needlework and until recent years, was an enthusiastic stamp collec-

Whereas, She was the elder sister of Misses Sallie and Nadine Woods who are also victims of the disease and who founded the National Muscular Dystrophy Research Foundation with headquarters in their home town of Liberty; and

Whereas, Dell, as she was lovingly known, was a moving force in the development and work of the organization, of which her sisters called her their "Prayer Department"; and

Whereas, The Foundation's fourth annual Prayer Crusade was held this past Sunday, at which time people of all faiths prayed for the discovery of a cure for the 250,000 Americans, including 12,500 Texans who are suffering from the dread disease which baffles medical

Whereas, This was the beginning of the month-long fund raising

campaign which will last throughout November and which has been designated "Erase Muscular Dystrophy Month"; and Whereas, Miss Woods, always cheerful and optimistic, found comfort and joy in her life of devotion to her family and friends and was so charitable and generous in her consideration for others that prior to her death, she asked that contributions be sent to the Foundation

in lieu of flowers; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of the 55th Legislature of the State of Texas, the House of Representatives concurring, that we extend to the esteemed family of this kind and unselfish Texan our sincere and heartfelt sympathy; that we give recognition to her efforts to stamp out the disease by urging public assistance for maintaining the dystrophy research projects which are being sponsored by the Foundation in six medical centers, four of which are in Texas, and by requesting citizens throughout the state and nation to give their moral and financial support to the expansion of this worthwhile program; that we express appreciation for her valuable services to mankind by directing that a page in the Journal be set aside as a memorial to her; that official copies of this Resolution be sent to her mother, Mrs. Terry Woods; her three sisters, Misses Sallie and Nadine Woods and Mrs. Johnny Bartholomew; her two brothers, Terry, Jr., and Riley Woods, and a niece, Miss Linda Carol Woods, all of Liberty, Texas; and, be it further

Resolved, That when the Senate adjourns today, it do so in solemn tribute to Miss Thelma Dell Woods, whose life and deeds will live long in the memory of this state and in the memory of her multitude of

friends.

The resolution was read.

On motion of Senator Colson and by unanimous consent the resolution was considered immediately and adopted by a rising vote of the Senate.

In Memory of

Thomas Lemuel Green

Senator Willis offered the following resolution:

(Senate Resolution 108)

Whereas, On the 30th day of October, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen Hundred Fifty-seven, Almighty God, in His infinite wisdom, called to his heavenly rest, Mr. Thomas Lemuel Green; and

Whereas, Mr. Green was born in 1877 in the Paint Rock Valley Area of Northern Alabama, the son of a prominent pioneer family, was educated in the public schools of that State; and

Whereas, He answered the call of his country and served overseas with the Second Alabama Regiment during the War against Spain in 1898, returned and was active in Veterans Affairs, serving as Commander of the Park Minter Post of the United Spanish War Veterans at Abilene, Texas, and gave freely of his time to his family, community, county, and State; and

Whereas, He was a devoted husband and father, a friend to all who knew him and worked all of his life for the betterment of his fellow men, dedicating his life to the tenets of our democratic way of life and constitutional form of government; and

Whereas, He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Della Green, and a son, Howard Green, a distinguished Member of the Texas House of Representatives from Fort Worth; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Texas do hereby express its sincere sympathy to the family of Thomas Lemuel Green, and that copies of this resolution be forwarded to them under the seal of the Senate of Texas; and be it further

Resolved, That a page in the Senate Journal be set aside as a memorial to Thomas Lemuel Green; and that when the Senate of Texas adjourns today it do so in his honor and memory.

The resolution was read and was adopted by a rising vote of the Senate.